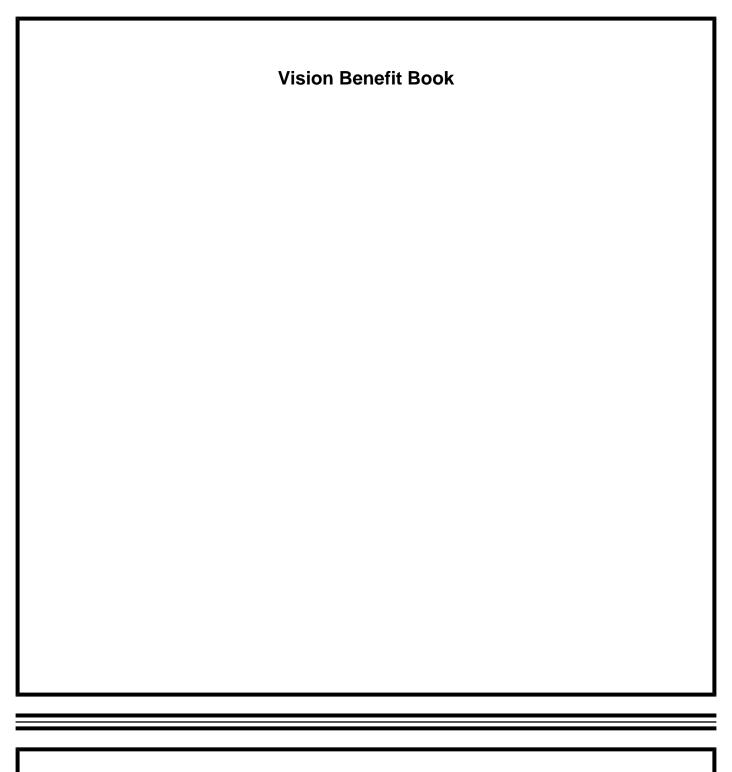
WILLOUGHBY-EASTLAKE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Group Number 429791-030, 031



Our Member Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) document is available to help you learn more about your rights and responsibilities; information about benefits, restrictions and access to medical care; policies about the collection, use and disclosure of your personal health information; finding forms to request privacy-related matters; tips on understanding your out-of-pocket costs, submitting a claim, or filing a complaint or appeal; finding a doctor, obtaining primary, specialty or emergency care, including after-hours care; understanding how new technology is evaluated; and how to obtain language assistance. The Member FAQ is available on our member site, *My Health Plan*, accessible from MedMutual.com. To request a hard copy of the FAQ, please contact us at the number listed on your member identification (ID) card.

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X9868 11/16 Z7661 NSTV-ASO0270S NSTV-ASO0133 AMENDMENT SUBROGATION ASO GOV





AMENDMENT (Subrogation for self-funded public plans)

This Amendment modifies the coverage described in your Benefit Book and is effective on your plan's first renewal occurring on or after January 1, 2017. It is subject to all the terms and conditions of the plan, except as stated. This Amendment terminates concurrently with the plan to which it is attached. Please place this Amendment with your Benefit Book for future reference.

The provision entitled "Subrogation and Right of Reimbursement" is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Subrogation and Right of Recovery

The provisions of this section apply to all current or former plan participants and also to the parents, guardian, or other representative of a dependent child who incurs claims and is or has been covered by the Plan. The Plan's right to recover (whether by subrogation or reimbursement) shall apply to the personal representative of your estate, your decedents, minors, and incompetent or disabled persons. "You" or "your" includes anyone on whose behalf the Plan pays benefits. No adult Covered Person hereunder may assign any rights that it may have to recover medical expenses from any tortfeasor or other person or entity to any minor child or children of said adult covered person without the prior express written consent of the Plan.

The Plan's right of subrogation or reimbursement, as set forth below, extend to all insurance coverage available to you due to an injury, illness or condition for which the Plan has paid medical claims (including, but not limited to, liability coverage, uninsured motorist coverage, underinsured motorist coverage, personal umbrella coverage, medical payments coverage, workers compensation coverage, no fault automobile coverage or any first party insurance coverage).

Your health plan is always secondary to automobile no-fault coverage, personal injury protection coverage, or medical payments coverage.

No disbursement of any settlement proceeds or other recovery funds from any insurance coverage or other source will be made until the health plan's subrogation and reimbursement interest are fully satisfied.

Subrogation

The right of subrogation means the Plan is entitled to pursue any claims that you may have in order to recover the benefits paid by the Plan. Immediately upon paying or providing any benefit under the Plan, the Plan shall be subrogated to (stand in the place of) all of your rights of recovery with respect to any claim or potential claim against any party, due to an injury, illness or condition to the full extent of benefits provided or to be provided by the Plan. The Plan may assert a claim or file suit in your name and take appropriate action to assert its subrogation claim, with or without your consent. The Plan is not required to pay you part of any recovery it may obtain, even if it files suit in your name.

Reimbursement

If you receive any payment as a result of an injury, illness or condition, you agree to reimburse the Plan first from such payment for all amounts the Plan has paid and will pay as a result of that injury, illness or condition, up to and including the full amount of your recovery. Benefit payments made under the Plan are conditioned upon your obligation to reimburse the Plan in full from any recovery you receive for your injury, illness or condition.

Constructive Trust

By accepting benefits (whether the payment of such benefits is made to you or made on your behalf to any provider) you agree that if you receive any payment as a result of an injury, illness or condition, you will serve as a constructive trustee over those funds. Failure to hold such funds in trust will be deemed a breach of your fiduciary duty to the Plan. No

disbursement of any settlement proceeds or other recovery funds from any insurance coverage or other source will be made until the health plan's subrogation and reimbursement interest are fully satisfied.

Lien Rights

Further, the Plan will automatically have a lien to the extent of benefits paid by the Plan for the treatment of the illness, injury or condition upon any recovery whether by settlement, judgment or otherwise, related to treatment for any illness, injury or condition for which the Plan paid benefits. The lien may be enforced against any party who possesses funds or proceeds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan including, but not limited to, you, your representative or agent, and/or any other source that possessed or will possess funds representing the amount of benefits paid by the Plan.

Assignment

In order to secure the Plan's recovery rights, you agree to assign to the Plan any benefits or claims or rights of recovery you have under any automobile policy or other coverage, to the full extent of the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement claims. This assignment allows the plan to pursue any claim you may have, whether or not you choose to pursue the claim.

First-Priority Claim

By accepting benefits from the Plan, you acknowledge that the Plan's recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be repaid to the Plan before you receive any recovery for your damages. The Plan shall be entitled to full reimbursement on a first-dollar basis from any payments, even if such payment to the Plan will result in a recovery which is insufficient to make you whole or to compensate you in part or in whole for the damages sustained. The Plan is not required to participate in or pay your court costs or attorney fees to any attorney you hire to pursue your damage claim.

Applicability to All Settlements and Judgments

The terms of this entire subrogation and right of recovery provision shall apply and the Plan is entitled to full recovery regardless of whether any liability for payment is admitted and regardless of whether the settlement or judgment identifies the medical benefits the Plan provided or purports to allocate any portion of such settlement or judgment to payment of expenses other than medical expenses. The Plan is entitled to recover from any and all settlements or judgments, even those designated as pain and suffering, non-economic damages and/or general damages only. The Plan's claim will not be reduced due to your own negligence.

Cooperation

You agree to cooperate fully with the Plan's efforts to recover benefits paid. It is your duty to notify the Plan within 30 days of the date when any notice is given to any party, including an insurance company or attorney, of your intention to pursue or investigate a claim to recover damages or obtain compensation due to your injury, illness or condition. You and your agents agree to provide the Plan or its representatives notice of any recovery you or your agents obtain prior to receipt of such recovery funds or within 5 days if no notice was given prior to receipt. Further, you and your agents agree to provide notice prior to any disbursement of settlement or any other recovery funds obtained. You and your agents shall provide all information requested by the Plan, the Claims Administrator or its representative including, but not limited to, completing and submitting any applications or other forms or statements as the Plan may reasonably request and all documents related to or filed in personal injury litigation. Failure to provide this information, failure to assist the Plan in pursuit of its subrogation rights or failure to reimburse the Plan from any settlement or recovery you receive may result in the denial of any future benefit payments or claim until the Plan is reimbursed in full, termination of your health benefits or the institution of court proceedings against you.

You shall do nothing to prejudice the Plan's subrogation or recovery interest or prejudice the Plan's ability to enforce the terms of this Plan provision. This includes, but is not limited to, refraining from making any settlement or recovery that attempts to reduce or exclude the full cost of all benefits provided by the Plan or disbursement of any settlement proceeds or other recovery prior to fully satisfying the health plan's subrogation and reimbursement interest.

You acknowledge that the Plan has the right to conduct an investigation regarding the injury, illness or condition to identify potential sources of recovery. The Plan reserves the right to notify all parties and his/her agents of its lien. Agents include, but are not limited to, insurance companies and attorneys.

You acknowledge that the Plan has notified you that it has the right pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act ("HIPAA"), 42 U.S.C. Section 1301 et seq, to share your personal health information in exercising its subrogation and reimbursement rights.

Future Benefits

If you fail to cooperate with and reimburse the Plan, the health plan reserves the right to deny any future benefit payments on any other claim made by you until the Plan is reimbursed in full. However, the amount of any covered services excluded under this section will not exceed the amount of your recovery.

<u>Interpretation</u>

In the event that any claim is made that any part of this subrogation and right of recovery provision is ambiguous or questions arise concerning the meaning or intent of any of its terms, the Claims Administrator for the Plan shall have the sole authority and discretion to resolve all disputes regarding the interpretation of this provision.

Jurisdiction

By accepting benefits from the Plan, you agree that any court proceeding with respect to this provision may be brought in any court of competent jurisdiction as the Plan may elect. By accepting such benefits, you hereby submit to each such jurisdiction, waiving whatever rights may correspond by reason of your present or future domicile. By accepting such benefits, you also agree to pay all attorneys' fees the plan incurs in successful attempts to recover amounts the plan is entitled to under this section.

Discretionary Authority

The Plan shall have discretionary authority to interpret and construct the terms and conditions of the Subrogation and Reimbursement provisions and make determination or construction which is not arbitrary and capricious. The Plan's determination will be final and conclusive.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF:

Medical Mutual

Rick Chiricosta

Chairman, President & CEO

Please Note: Products marketed by Medical Mutual may be underwritten by one of its subsidiaries, such as Medical Health Insuring Corporation of Ohio© or Consumers Life Insurance Company.©







Use With Grandfathered Group PPO, POS, HMO and Indemnity Plans

PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT OF 2010

AMENDMENT

This Amendment amends your health benefit Plan (Plan), and becomes a part of your Plan as of the first day of the Plan's first Plan year on or after September 23, 2010, the Effective Date. Please place this Amendment with your certificate for future reference.

On the Effective Date of this Amendment, certain benefits, terms, conditions, limitations, and exclusions in your Plan will be amended to comply with the requirements of the federal health care reform legislation, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (PPACA).

Regardless of the terms and conditions of any other provisions of your Plan, this Amendment will control.

Grandfathered Health Plan Disclosure

Medical Mutual believes this Plan is a "grandfathered health Plan" under the PPACA. As permitted by PPACA, a grandfathered health Plan can preserve certain basic health coverage that was already in effect when the law was enacted. Being a grandfathered health Plan means that your Plan may not include certain consumer protections of PPACA that apply to other Plans, for example, the requirement for the provision of preventive health services without any cost sharing. However, grandfathered health Plans must comply with certain other consumer protections in PPACA, for example, the elimination of lifetime limits on benefits.

Questions regarding which protections apply and which protections do not apply to a grandfathered health Plan and what might cause a Plan to change from grandfathered health Plan status can be directed to your group official. You may also contact the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor at 1-866-444-3272 or www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform. This website has a table summarizing which protections do and do not apply to grandfathered health Plans.

The following Definition is added to your Plan:

"Essential Health Benefits" is defined under federal law (PPACA) as including benefits in at least the following categories: ambulatory patient services; emergency services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance use disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription drugs; rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care. Your Plan may contain some or all of these types of benefits prior to 2014 when they become mandatory. If your Plan contains any of these benefits, there are certain requirements that may apply to those benefits, as provided in this Amendment.

Lifetime Dollar Limits

The Essential Health Benefits that may be provided by your Plan are not subject to a lifetime dollar limit. Plan benefits that are not defined as Essential Health Benefits may have a lifetime dollar limit. If you have reached a lifetime dollar limit under your Plan before the federal regulation prohibiting lifetime dollar limits for Essential Health Benefits became effective, and you are still eligible under your Plan's terms, and that Plan is still in effect, you should have received a notice that the lifetime dollar limit no longer applies and an opportunity to enroll or be reinstated under your Plan. Covered Persons who are eligible for this enrollment opportunity are treated as special enrollees.

Annual Dollar Limits

Your Plan may have annual dollar limits on the claims the Plan will pay each year for Essential Health Benefits. Your Plan may include other benefits not defined as Essential Health Benefits, and those other benefits may have annual dollar limits.

The dollar amount of any lifetime limit that was in effect as of March 23, 2010, is your Plan's benefit period maximum for Essential Health Benefits, provided it is no less than \$750,000.

If your Plan has annual dollar limits on Essential Health Benefits, they are subject to the following:

For a Plan year beginning on or after September 23, 2010, but before September 23, 2011, the limit can be no less than \$750,000.

For a Plan year beginning on or after September 23, 2011, but before September 23, 2012, the limit can be no less than \$1.25 million.

For a Plan year beginning on or after September 23, 2012, but before December 31, 2013, the limit can be no less than \$2 million.

For a Plan year beginning on or after January 1, 2014, there is no dollar limit for Essential Health Benefits under your Plan.

Any other annual dollar limits on Essential Health Benefits that may have existed are deleted.

Rescission of Coverage

A rescission of your coverage means that the coverage may be legally voided all the way back to the day the Plan began to provide you with coverage, just as if you never had coverage under the Plan. Your coverage can only be rescinded if you (or a person seeking coverage on your behalf), performs an act, practice, or omission that constitutes fraud; or unless you (or a person seeking coverage on your behalf) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact, as prohibited by the terms of your Plan.

Your coverage can also be rescinded due to such an act, practice, omission or intentional misrepresentation by your employer. You will be provided with thirty (30) calendar days' advance notice before your coverage is rescinded. You have the right to request an internal appeal of a rescission of your coverage. Once the internal appeal process is exhausted, you have the additional right to request an independent external review.

<u>Dependent Coverage</u> (for Plans that make dependent coverage available)

Federal Law

This Plan will cover your married or unmarried child as defined in the Eligibility section of this Plan until your child reaches age 26, unless your child is eligible to enroll in an employer sponsored health

plan, other than a group health plan of a parent. For Plan years beginning after January 1, 2014, this Plan will cover your child up to age 26 even if your child has employer sponsored coverage available.

Ohio Law (does not apply to self-funded plans governed by ERISA)

Effective on the Plan's next renewal date on or after July 1, 2010 (unless an earlier effective date was requested by the Plan):

At the option of the Certificate Holder and at the Certificate Holder's expense, coverage for an Eligible Dependent child can be provided up to age 28. Subject to all other terms and conditions of the Certificate, coverage can be provided if the Eligible Dependent child is:

- not married;
- the natural child, stepchild or adopted child of the Certificate Holder or the Certificate Holder's spouse;
- a resident of Ohio;
- if not an Ohio resident, a Full-time Student at an accredited public or private institution of higher education:
- not employed by an employer that offers any health benefit Plan under which the child is eligible for coverage; and
- not eligible for coverage under Medicaid or Medicare.

No Preexisting Condition Limitations for Covered Persons under age 19

Any Preexisting Condition Limitations described in the Schedule of Benefits of your Plan do not apply to Covered Persons who are under 19 years of age. With respect to Covered Persons who are under 19 years of age, your Plan covers any condition that may have been previously excluded by name or specific description as a pre-existing condition. This also means a Covered Person under the age of 19 cannot be excluded from the Plan if the exclusion is based on a preexisting condition.

This Amendment takes effect on the first day of the Plan's first Plan year on or after September 23, 2010. This Amendment terminates concurrently with the Plan to which it is attached. It is subject to all the definitions, limitations, exclusions and conditions of the Plan except as stated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF:

Medical Mutual of Ohio

Rick Chiricosta
President and CEO

VISION SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

Benefit Period	Calendar year
Dependent Age Limit	The end of the month of the 19th birthday or the end of the month of the 24th birthday if the dependent is a Full-time Student

It is important that you understand how the Plan Administrator, Medical Mutual, calculates your responsibilities under this coverage. Please consult the "HOW CLAIMS ARE PAID" section for necessary information.

Type of Service	Benefit Maximums
Vision Examinations	One exam per Benefit Period
VISION Examinations	\$50 per exam
	One Frame per two Benefit Periods
Frames	\$75 per Frame. When Frames are not required, the Frame allowance may be applied to the cost of Lenses.
	One pair per Benefit Period
	Single Vision
	\$45 per pair
	Bifocals
Lenses	\$55 per pair
	Trifocals
	\$65 per pair
	Lenticular
	\$175 per pair
	One pair per Benefit Period
	Medically Necessary: \$150 per pair
Contact Lenses	Cosmetic: \$80 per pair, regardless if Frames and Lenses are purchased in the same Benefit Period.

VISION BENEFIT BOOK

This Benefit Book describes the vision benefits available to you as a participant in the Self Funded Benefit Plan (the Plan) offered to you by your Employer (the Plan Sponsor). It is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan Document. This is not a summary plan description or an Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) Plan Document by itself. However, it may be attached to or included with a document prepared by your Group that is called a summary plan description.

There is a Group Contract is between Medical Mutual and the Plan Sponsor.

All persons who meet the following criteria are covered by the Group Contract and are referred to as **Covered Persons**, **you or your.** They must:

- · pay for coverage if necessary; and
- satisfy the eligibility conditions specified by the Plan.

The Plan Administrator shall have the exclusive right to interpret and apply the terms of this Benefit Book. The decision about whether to pay any claim, in whole or in part, is within the sole discretion of Medical Mutual and the Plan Sponsor, and such decisions shall be final and conclusive.

NOTICE: If you or your family members are covered by more than one health care plan, you may not be able to collect benefits from both plans. Each plan may require you to follow its rules or use specific doctors and Hospitals, and it may be impossible to comply with both plans at the same time. Read all of the rules very carefully, including the Coordination of Benefits section, and compare them with the rules of any other plan that covers

you or your family.

This Benefit Book should be read and re-read in its entirety. Many of the provisions of this Benefit Book are interrelated; therefore, reading just one or two provisions may not give you an accurate impression of your coverage.

Your Benefit Book may be modified by the attachment of Riders and/or amendments. Please read the provision described in these documents to determine the way in which provisions in this Benefit Book may have been changed.

Many words used in this Benefit Book have special meanings. These words will appear capitalized and are defined for you in the Definitions section. By reviewing these definitions, you will have a clearer understanding of your Benefit Book.

HOW TO USE YOUR BENEFIT BOOK

This Benefit Book describes your vision benefits. Please read it carefully.

The Schedule of Benefits gives you information about the limits and maximums of your coverage.

The **Eligibility** section outlines how and when you and your dependents become eligible for coverage under the Plan and when this coverage starts.

The **Vision Benefits** section explains your benefits and some of the limitations on the Covered Services available to you.

The **Exclusions** section lists services which are not covered in addition to those listed in the Vision Benefits section.

The **General Provisions** section tells you how to file a claim. It explains how Coordination of Benefits and Subrogation work. It also explains when your benefits may change, how and when your coverage stops and how to obtain coverage if this coverage stops.

The **Definitions** section will help you understand unfamiliar words and phrases. If a word or phrase starts with a capital letter, it is either a title or it has a special meaning. If the word or phrase has a special meaning, it will be defined in this section or where used in the Benefit Book.

ELIGIBILITY

Applying for Coverage

Prior to receiving this Benefit Book, you applied for individual coverage or family coverage. For either coverage, you completed an enrollment form or Application. There may be occasions when the information on the enrollment form or Application is not enough. The Plan will then request the additional data needed to determine whether you are eligible.

Under individual coverage, only the Card Holder is covered. Under family coverage, the Card Holder and the Eligible Dependents who have been enrolled are covered.

Eligible Employee

An Eligible Employee is:

An employee of the Group who meets the eligibility requirements of the Group including working the required number of hours that the Group requires for eligibility.

Eligible Dependents

An Eligible Dependent is:

- · the Card Holder's spouse;
- the Card Holder or spouse's unmarried children, stepchildren, children placed for adoption, legally adopted children, children for whom either the Card Holder or Card Holder's spouse is the Legal Guardian or Custodian or any children who, by court order, must be provided health care coverage by the Card Holder or the Card Holder's spouse. To be considered Eligible Dependents, children's ages must fall within the age limit specified in the Schedule of Benefits, and they must receive over half of their support during the calendar year from the Card Holder unless coverage is being provided under court order.

Eligibility will continue past the age limit for Eligible Dependents who are unmarried and primarily dependent upon the Card Holder for support due to a physical handicap or mental retardation which renders them unable to work. This incapacity must have started before the age limit was reached and must be medically certified by a Physician. You must notify your Plan Sponsor of the Eligible Dependent's desire to continue coverage within 31 days of reaching the limiting age. After a two-year period following the date the Eligible Dependent meets the age limit, the Plan may annually require further proof that the dependence and incapacity continue.

Child Support Order

In general, a medical child support order is a court order that requires an Eligible Employee to provide medical coverage for his or her children in situations involving divorce, legal separation or paternity dispute. A medical child support order may not require the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option not otherwise provided under the Plan, except as otherwise required by law. This Plan provides benefits according to the requirements of a medical child support order that is entered by a court of competent jurisdiction or by a local child support enforcement agency. The Group will promptly notify affected Card Holders if a medical child support order is received. The Group will notify these individuals of its procedures for determining whether medical child support orders meet the requirements of the Plan; within a reasonable time after receipt of such order, the Group will determine whether the order is acceptable and notify each affected Card Holder and of its determination. Once the dependent child is enrolled under a medical child support order, the child's appointed guardian will receive a copy of all pertinent information provided to the Eligible Employee. In addition, should the Eligible Employee lose eligibility status, the guardian will receive the necessary information regarding the dependent child's rights for continuation of coverage under COBRA.

Effective Date

Coverage starts at 12:01 a.m. on the Effective Date. The Effective Date is determined by the Plan Sponsor. No benefits will be provided for services, supplies or charges Incurred before your Effective Date.

Changes in Coverage

If you have individual coverage, you may change to family coverage if you marry or you or your spouse acquire an Eligible Dependent. You must notify your benefits administrator who must then notify Medical Mutual of the change.

Coverage for a spouse and other dependents who become eligible by reason of marriage will be effective on the date of the marriage if a request for their coverage is submitted to the Group within 31 days of the marriage. A newborn child or an adopted child will be covered as of the date of birth or adoptive placement, provided that you request enrollment within 31 days of the date of birth or adoptive placement. Coverage will continue for an adopted child unless the placement is disrupted prior to legal adoption and the child is removed from placement.

It is important to complete and submit your Enrollment Form promptly, because the date this new coverage begins will depend on when you request enrollment.

It is important to complete and submit your Application promptly as the date this new coverage begins will depend on when you apply.

There are occasions when circumstances change and only the Card Holder is eligible for coverage. Family coverage must then be changed to individual coverage. In addition, your Plan Sponsor must be notified when you or an Eligible Dependent under your Benefit Book becomes eligible for Medicare.

Your Identification Card

You will receive identification cards. These cards have the Card Holder's name and identification number on them. The identification card should be presented when receiving Covered Services under this coverage because it contains information you or your Provider will need when submitting a claim or making an inquiry. Your receipt or possession of an identification card does not mean that you are automatically entitled to benefits.

Your identification card is the property of the Plan and must be returned to the Plan Sponsor if your coverage ends for any reason. After coverage ends, use of the identification card is not permitted and may subject you to legal action.

VISION BENEFITS

This section describes the services and supplies covered if provided and billed by Providers. All Covered Services must be Medically Necessary unless otherwise specified.

The following are Covered Services:

Vision Examinations - Regardless of Medical Necessity, the Plan will cover the following services when performed as part of a vision examination:

- a case history;
- an external examination of the eye and adnexa;
- an ophthalmoscopic examination;
- · a determination of refractive status;
- binocular balance testing;
- tonometry, as needed;
- gross visual fields;
- · color vision testing;
- · summary findings; and
- recommendations including prescribing Lenses.

Prescribed Lenses and Frames - The Plan will cover the following services only when performed to obtain prescribed Lenses and Frames:

- · facial measurements and determination of interpupillary distance;
- · assistance in choosing Frames;
- · verification of Lenses as prescribed; and
- after-care for a reasonable period of time for fitting and adjustment.

The total payment available for Lenses, Frames and the above services is limited to the amount available for Lenses and Frames listed in the Schedule of Benefits.

Prescribed Contact Lenses - Please refer to your Vision Schedule of Benefits for information on how Contact Lenses will be covered.

EXCLUSIONS

In addition to the exclusions and limitations explained in the Vision Benefits section and in your Benefit Book, coverage is not provided for services and supplies:

- 1. Not prescribed by or performed by or under the direction of a Physician or Other Professional Provider.
- 2. Not performed within the scope of the Provider's license.
- 3. For Experimental or Investigational equipment, drugs, devices, services, supplies, tests, medical treatments or procedures.
- 4. For diagnostic services, drugs or medications not part of a vision examination.
- 5. For medical or surgical treatment.
- 6. That Medical Mutual determines are special or unusual; such as orthoptics, vision training and low vision aids.
- 7. For the replacement of Lenses or Frames except as specified in the Schedule of Benefits.
- 8. For Lenses which are not prescribed.
- 9. For safety glass and safety goggles.
- For tints other than Number One or Two.
- 11. For tints with photosensitive or antireflective properties.
- 12. For a Condition occurring in the course of employment or for occupational injuries sustained by sole proprietors, if whole or partial benefits or compensation could be available under the laws of any governmental unit. This applies whether or not you claim such compensation or recover losses from a third party.
- 13. To the extent that governmental units or their agencies provide benefits, except Health Departments, as determined by Medical Mutual.
- 14. For which you have no legal obligation to pay in the absence of this or like coverage.
- 15. Received from a dental or medical department maintained by or on behalf of an employer, mutual benefit association, labor union, trust or similar person or group.
- 16. For an eye examination or materials ordered as a result of an eye examination prior to your Effective Date.
- 17. Incurred or received after you stop being a Covered Person.
- 18. Received from a member of your Immediate Family.
- 19. For which payment was made or would have been made under Medicare Part B if benefits were claimed. This applies when you are eligible for Medicare even if you did not apply for or claim Medicare benefits. This does not apply, however, if in accordance with federal law, this coverage is primary and Medicare is the secondary payer of your health care expenses.
- 20. For a Condition that occurs as a result of any act of war, declared or undeclared.
- 21. For telephone consultations, online consultations, missed appointments, completion of claim forms or copies of medical records.
- 22. Received in a military facility for a military service related Condition.
- 23. For fraudulent or misrepresented claims.
- 24. For non-Covered Services or services specifically excluded in the text of this Benefit Book.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

How to Apply for Benefits

Notice of Claim; Claim Forms

A claim must be filed for you to receive benefits. Many Providers will submit a claim for you; if you submit it yourself, you should use a claim form. In most cases, you can obtain a claim form from your Group or Provider. If your Provider does not have a claim form, Medical Mutual will send you one. Call or notify Medical Mutual, in writing, within 20 days after receiving your first Covered Service and we will send you a form, or you may print a claim form by going to www.medmutual.com/member.

If you fail to receive a claim form within 15 days after you notify Medical Mutual, you may send Medical Mutual your bill or a written statement of the nature and extent of your loss; this must have all the information which Medical Mutual needs to process your claim.

Proof of Loss

Proof of loss is a claim for payment of vision services which has been submitted to Medical Mutual for processing with sufficient documentation to determine whether Covered Services have been provided to you. Medical Mutual must receive a completed claim with the correct information.

Medical Mutual is not legally obligated to reimburse on behalf of the Plan for Covered Services unless Medical Mutual receives written or electronically submitted proof that Covered Services have been given to you. Proof must be given within 90 days of your receiving Covered Services or as soon as is reasonably possible. No proof can be submitted later than one year after services have been received.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

How Claims are Paid

Coinsurance

You may be responsible for Coinsurance amounts subject to any limitations set forth in your Schedule of Benefits.

Schedule of Benefits

The Schedule of Benefits shows the maximum benefits Medical Mutual will pay on behalf of the Plan for Covered Charges. You may also be responsible for Billed Charges less the amount specified in the Schedule of Benefits.

Your Financial Responsibilities

Your financial responsibilities may include Coinsurance amounts, Non-Covered Charges and Billed Charges for all services and supplies after benefit maximums have been reached.

Coinsurance and amounts paid by other parties do not accumulate towards benefit maximums.

Provider Status and Direction of Payment

Medical Mutual has agreed to make payment directly to Participating Physicians and Other Professional Providers.

Some of Medical Mutual's contracts with Providers allow discounts, allowances, incentives, adjustments and settlements. These amounts are for the sole benefit of Medical Mutual and Medical Mutual will retain any payments resulting therefrom; however, Coinsurance and benefit maximums will be calculated as described in this Benefit Book.

The choice of a Provider is yours. After a Provider performs a Covered Service, Medical Mutual will not honor your request to withhold claim payment. Medical Mutual and the Plan do not furnish Covered Services but only pay for Covered Services

you receive from Providers. Neither Medical Mutual nor the Plan is liable for any act or omission of any Provider. Neither Medical Mutual nor the Plan have any responsibility for a Provider's failure or refusal to give Covered Services to you.

Medical Mutual has and retains the sole right to choose which Providers it will contract with, and on what terms, and to amend and terminate those contracts. Medical Mutual has and retains the sole right to designate Providers as Participating.

You authorize Medical Mutual to make payments directly to Providers who have performed Covered Services for you. Medical Mutual also reserves the right to make payment directly to you. When this occurs, you must pay the Provider and neither Medical Mutual nor the Plan are legally obligated to pay any additional amounts. You cannot assign your right to receive payment to anyone else, nor can you authorize someone else to receive your payments for you.

If Medical Mutual has incorrectly paid for services or it is later discovered that payment was made for services which are not considered Covered Services, then Medical Mutual has the right to recover payment on behalf of the Plan, and you must repay this amount when requested.

Any reference to Providers as Participating or Non-Participating is not a statement about their abilities.

Explanation of Benefits

After Medical Mutual processes your claim, an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) is provided to you electronically or by mail. It lists Covered Services and non-covered services along with explanations for why services are not covered. It contains important amounts and a telephone number if you have any questions.

Time of Payment of Claims

Benefits will be provided under this Benefit Book within 30 days after receipt of a completed claim. To have a payment or denial related to a claim reviewed, you must send a written request to Medical Mutual within 180 days of the claim determination.

Filing a Complaint

If you have a complaint, please call or write to Customer Service at the telephone number or address listed on the front of your Explanation of Benefits (EOB) form and/or identification card. To expedite the processing of an inquiry, the Card Holder should have the following information available:

- · name of patient
- · identification number
- claim number(s) (if applicable)
- · date(s) of service

If your complaint is regarding a claim, a Medical Mutual Customer Service representative will review the claim for correctness in processing. If the claim was processed according to terms of the Group Contract, the Customer Service representative will telephone the Card Holder with the response. If attempts to telephone the Card Holder are unsuccessful, a letter will be sent explaining how the claim was processed. If an adjustment to the claim is required, the Card Holder will receive a check, Explanation of Benefits or letter explaining the revised decision.

Quality of care issues are addressed by our Quality Improvement Department or committee.

If you are not satisfied with the results, you may continue to pursue the matter through the appeal process.

Filing an Appeal - Effective July 1, 2003

If you are not satisfied with a benefit determination decision, you may file an appeal. No more than two appeals on one claim will be conducted in accordance with the procedures explained below.

To file an appeal, please call the Customer Service telephone number on your identification card or write a letter with the following information: Card Holder's full name; patient's full name; identification number; claim number if a claim has been denied; date of services; the Provider/facility name; and any supporting information or records, X-rays or photographs you would like considered in the appeal. Send or fax the letter to:

Medical Mutual Member Appeals Unit MZ: 01-4B-4809 P.O. Box 94580 Cleveland, Ohio 44101-4580

Fax: (216) 687-7990

To submit an appeal form electronically, go to Medical Mutual's Web site, www.MedMutual.com, under Members' section.

First Level Mandatory Appeal

Medical Mutual offers all members a first level mandatory appeal. Under state and federal law you must complete this first level of appeal before any action is taken in a court of law.

First level mandatory appeals related to a claim decision must be filed within 180 days from your receipt of the notice of denial of benefits. All request for appeal may be made by calling Customer Service or in writing as described above.

Under the appeal process under which there will be a full and fair review of the claim. The internal appeal process is a review of your appeal by an Appeals Coordinator, a Physician consultant and/or other licensed health care professional. The appeal will take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by you and your Provider relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination. All determinations of Medical Necessity that are based, in whole or in part, on a medical judgment are made by health care professionals who have the appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment. The health care professionals who review the appeal will not have made any prior decisions about your care and will not be a subordinate of the professional who made the initial determination on your claim.

You may submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim being appealed. Upon written request, you may have reasonable access to and copies of documents, records and other information relevant to your claim for benefits that you are appealing.

The appeal procedures are as follows:

- You, your authorized representative or your Provider may request a pre-service claim appeal. Pre-service claim
 appeals are those requested in advance of obtaining vision care for approval of a benefit, as it relates to the terms
 of the plan Benefit Book. The pre-service claim appeal must be decided within 30 days of the request and must be
 requested within 180 days of the date you received notice of denial.
- You, your authorized representative or your Provider may request a post-service claim appeal. Post-service claim appeals are those requested for payment or reimbursement of the cost for vision care that has already been provided. The post-service claim appeal must be decided within 30 days of the request and must be requested within 180 days of the date you received notice of denial.

All notices of a denial of benefit will include the following:

- · the specific reason for the denial
- reference to the specific plan provision on which the denial is based
- if an internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criteria was relied upon in making the benefit determination, then that information will be provided free of charge upon written request
- if the claim was denied based on a Medical Necessity or Experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, then an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment used for the determination in applying the terms of the plan to the circumstances will be provided free of charge upon request;
- upon specific written request from you, provide the identification of the medical or vocational expert whose advice
 was obtained on behalf of Medical Mutual in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to
 whether the advice was relied upon in making the benefit determination.

Voluntary Second Level Appeal

Unless your Group requires you to use an alternative dispute resolution procedure, if your first level mandatory appeal was denied, you have the option of a voluntary second level appeal by Medical Mutual. All requests for appeal may be made by calling or writing to Customer Service. You may submit additional written comments, documents, records, X-rays, photographs and other information relating to the claim being appealed.

The voluntary second level of appeal may be requested at the conclusion of the first level mandatory appeal. The request for the voluntary second level of appeal must be received by Medical Mutual within 60 days from the receipt of the first

appeal decision. Medical Mutual will complete its review of the voluntary second level appeal within 30 days from receipt of the request.

The voluntary second level of appeal provides a full and fair review of the claim, There will be a review of your appeal by an Appeals Coordinator, a Physician consultant and/or other licensed health care professional. The appeal will take into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by you and the Provider relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the first level mandatory appeal. All determinations of Medical Necessity, that are based in whole or in part on medical judgement, are made by health care professionals who have the appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment. The health care professionals who review the appeal will not have made any prior decisions about your care and will not be a subordinate of the professional who made the initial determination of your claim.

Claim Review

Consent to Release Medical Information - Denial of Coverage

You consent to the release of medical information to Medical Mutual when you sign an Application.

When you present your identification card for Covered Services, you are also giving your consent to release medical information to Medical Mutual. Medical Mutual has the right to refuse to reimburse for Covered Services if you refuse to consent to the release of any medical information.

Right to Review Claims

When a claim is submitted, Medical Mutual will review the claim to ensure that the service was Medically Necessary and that all other conditions for coverage are satisfied. The fact that a Provider may recommend or prescribe treatment does not mean that it is automatically a Covered Service.

Legal Actions

No action, at law or in equity, shall be brought against Medical Mutual or The Plan to recover benefits within 60 days after Medical Mutual receives written proof in accordance with this Benefit Book that Covered Services have been given to you. No such action may be brought later than three years after expiration of the required claim filing limit as specified in the Proof of Loss section.

Coordination of Benefits

The Coordination of Benefits ("COB") provision applies when a person has health care coverage under more than one **Plan**. **Plan** is defined below.

The order of benefit determination rules govern the order in which each **Plan** will pay a claim for benefits. The **Plan** that pays first is called the **Primary plan**. The **Primary plan** must pay benefits in accordance with its policy terms without regard to the possibility that another **Plan** may cover some expenses. The **Plan** that pays after the **Primary plan** is the **Secondary plan**. The **Secondary plan** may reduce the benefits it pays so that payments from all **Plans** does not exceed 100% of the total **Allowable expense**.

Definitions

- 1. A **Plan** is any of the following that provides benefits or services for medical or dental care or treatment. If separate contracts are used to provide coordinated coverage for members of a group, the separate contracts are considered parts of the same plan and there is no COB among those separate contracts.
 - a. **Plan** includes: group and nongroup insurance contracts, health insuring corporation ("HIC") contracts, closed panel plans or other forms of group or group-type coverage (whether insured or uninsured); medical care components of long-term care contracts, such as skilled nursing care; medical benefits under group or individual automobile contracts; and Medicare or any other federal governmental plan, as permitted by law.
 - Plan does not include: hospital indemnity coverage or other fixed indemnity coverage; accident only coverage; specified disease or specified accident coverage; supplemental coverage as described in Revised Code sections

3923.37 and 1751.56; school accident type coverage; benefits for non-medical components of long-term care policies; Medicare supplement policies; Medicaid policies; or coverage under other federal governmental plans, unless permitted by law.

Each contract for coverage under "a" or "b" above is a separate **Plan**. If a **Plan** has two parts and COB rules apply only to one of the two, each of the parts is treated as a separate **Plan**.

- 2. This plan means, in a COB provision, the part of the contract providing the health care benefits to which the COB provision applies and which may be reduced because of the benefits of other plans. Any other part of the contract providing health care benefits is separate from this plan. A contract may apply one COB provision to certain benefits, such as dental benefits, coordinating only with similar benefits, and may apply another COB provision to coordinate other benefits.
- 3. The order of benefit determination rules determine whether **This plan** is a **Primary plan** or **Secondary plan** when the person has health care coverage under more than one **Plan**.
 - When **This plan** is primary, it determines payment for its benefits first before those of any other **Plan** without considering any other **Plan's** benefits. When **This plan** is secondary, it determines its benefits after those of another **Plan** and may reduce the benefits it pays so that all **Plan** benefits do not exceed 100% of the total **Allowable expense**.
- 4. Allowable expense is a health care expense, including Deductibles, Coinsurance and Copayments, that is covered at least in part by any Plan covering the person. When a Plan provides benefits in the form of services, the reasonable cash value of each service will be considered an Allowable expense and a benefit paid. An expense that is not covered by any Plan covering the person is not an Allowable expense. In addition, any expense that a Provider by law or in accordance with a contractual agreement is prohibited from charging a Covered Person is not an Allowable expense.

The following are examples of expenses that are not **Allowable expenses**:

- a. The difference between the cost of a semi-private Hospital room and a private Hospital room is not an **Allowable expense**, unless one of the **Plans** provides coverage for private Hospital room expenses.
- b. If a person is covered by 2 or more **Plans** that compute their benefit payments on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement methodology or other similar reimbursement methodology, any amount in excess of the highest reimbursement amount for a specific benefit is not an **Allowable expense**.
- c. If a person is covered by 2 or more **Plans** that provide benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, an amount in excess of the highest of the negotiated fees is not an **Allowable expense**.
- d. If a person is covered by one Plan that calculates its benefits or services on the basis of usual and customary fees or relative value schedule reimbursement methodology or other similar reimbursement methodology and another Plan that provides its benefits or services on the basis of negotiated fees, the Primary plan's payment arrangement shall be the Allowable expense for all Plans. However, if the Provider has contracted with the Secondary plan to provide the benefit or service for a specific negotiated fee or payment amount that is different than the Primary plan's payment arrangement and if the Provider's contract permits, the negotiated fee or payment shall be the Allowable expense used by the Secondary plan to determine its benefits.
- e. The amount of any benefit reduction by the **Primary plan** because a Covered Person has failed to comply with the **Plan** provisions is not an **Allowable expense**. Examples of these types of plan provisions include second surgical opinions, precertification of admissions, and preferred provider arrangements.
- 5. **Closed panel plan** is a **Plan** that provides health care benefits to covered persons primarily in the form of services through a panel of providers that have contracted with or are employed by the **Plan**, and that excludes coverage for services provided by other Providers, except in cases of Emergency or referral by a panel member.
- 6. **Custodial parent** is the parent awarded custody by a court decree or, in the absence of a court decree, is the parent with whom the child resides more than one half of the calendar year excluding any temporary visitation.

Order Of Benefit Determination Rules

When a person is covered by two or more **Plans**, the rules for determining the order of benefit payments are as follows:

1. The **Primary plan** pays or provides its benefits according to its terms of coverage and without regard to the benefits under any other **Plan**.

- 2. a. Except as provided in Paragraph "b" below, a **Plan** that does not contain a coordination of benefits provision that is consistent with this regulation is always primary unless the provisions of both **Plans** state that the complying plan is primary.
 - b. Coverage that is obtained by virtue of membership in a group that is designed to supplement a part of a basic package of benefits and provides that this supplementary coverage shall be excess to any other parts of the Plan provided by the contract holder. Examples of these types of situations are major medical coverages that are superimposed over base plan Hospital and surgical benefits, and insurance type coverages that are written in connection with a Closed panel plan to provide out-of-network benefits.
- 3. A **Plan** may consider the benefits paid or provided by another **Plan** in calculating payment of its benefits only when it is secondary to that other **Plan**.
- 4. Each **Plan** determines its order of benefits using the first of the following rules that apply:
 - a. Non-Dependent or Dependent. The Plan that covers the person other than as a dependent, for example as an employee, member, policyholder, subscriber or retiree, is the Primary plan and the Plan that covers the person as a dependent is the Secondary plan. However, if the person is a Medicare beneficiary and, as a result of federal law, Medicare is secondary to the Plan covering the person as a dependent, and primary to the Plan covering the person as other than a dependent (e.g. a retired employee), then the order of benefits between the two Plans is reversed so that the Plan covering the person as an employee, member, policyholder, subscriber or retiree is the Secondary plan and the other Plan is the Primary plan.
 - b. Dependent child covered under more than one plan. Unless there is a court decree stating otherwise, when a dependent child is covered by more than one **Plan**, the order of benefits is determined as follows:
 - 1. For a dependent child whose parents are married or are living together, whether or not they have ever been married:
 - The Plan of the parent whose birthday falls earlier in the calendar year is the Primary plan; or
 - If both parents have the same birthday, the **Plan** that has covered the parent the longest is the **Primary plan**.
 - However, if one spouse's plan has some other coordination rule (for example, a "gender rule" which says the father's plan is always primary), we will follow the rules of that plan.
 - 2. For a dependent child whose parents are divorced or separated or not living together, whether or not they have ever been married:
 - a. If a court decree states that one of the parents is responsible for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage and the **Plan** of that parent has actual knowledge of those terms, that **Plan** is primary. This rule applies to plan years commencing after the **Plan** is given notice of the court decree:
 - b. If a court decree states that both parents are responsible for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the provisions of Subparagraph (1) above shall determine the order of benefits;
 - c. If a court decree states that the parents have joint custody without specifying that one parent has responsibility for the health care expenses or health care coverage of the dependent child, the provisions of Subparagraph (1) above shall determine the order of benefits; or
 - d. If there is no court decree allocating responsibility for the dependent child's health care expenses or health care coverage, the order of benefits for the child are as follows:
 - The Plan covering the Custodial parent;
 - The Plan covering the spouse of the Custodial parent;
 - The Plan covering the non-custodial parent; and then
 - The **Plan** covering the spouse of the **non-custodial parent**.
 - 3. For a dependent child covered under more than one **Plan** of individuals who are <u>not</u> the parents of the child, the provisions of Subparagraph (1) or (2) above shall determine the order of benefits as if those individuals were the parents of the child.
 - c. Active employee or retired or laid-off employee. The Plan that covers a person as an active employee, that is, an employee who is neither laid off nor retired, is the Primary plan. The Plan covering that same person as a retired or laid-off employee is the Secondary plan. The same would hold true if a person is a dependent of an active employee and that same person is a dependent of a retired or laid-off employee. If the other Plan does

- not have this rule, and as a result, the **Plans** do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This rule does not apply if the rule labeled 4(a) can determine the order of benefits.
- d. COBRA or state continuation coverage. If a person whose coverage is provided pursuant to COBRA or under a right of continuation provided by state or other federal law is covered under another **Plan**, the **Plan** covering the person as an employee, member, subscriber or retiree or covering the person as a dependent of an employee, member, subscriber or retiree is the **Primary plan** and the COBRA or state or other federal continuation coverage is the **Secondary plan**. If the other **Plan** does not have this rule, and as a result, the **Plans** do not agree on the order of benefits, this rule is ignored. This rule does not apply if the rule labeled 4(a) can determine the order of benefits.
- e. Longer or shorter length of coverage. The **Plan** that covered the person as an employee, member, policyholder, subscriber or retiree longer is the **Primary plan** and the **Plan** that covered the person the shorter period of time is the **Secondary plan**.
- f. If the preceding rules do not determine the order of benefits, the **Allowable expenses** shall be shared equally between the **Plans** meeting the definition of **Plan**. In addition, **This plan** will not pay more than it would have paid had it been the **Primary plan**.

Effect On The Benefits Of This Plan

- 1. When **This plan** is secondary, it may reduce its benefits so that the total benefits paid or provided by all **Plans** during a plan year are not more than the total **Allowable expenses**. In determining the amount to be paid for any claim, the **Secondary plan** will calculate the benefits it would have paid in the absence of other health care coverage and apply that calculated amount to any **Allowable expense** under its **Plan** that is unpaid by the **Primary plan**. The **Secondary plan** may then reduce its payment by the amount so that, when combined with the amount paid by the **Primary plan**, the total benefits paid or provided by all **Plans** for the claim do not exceed the total **Allowable expense** for that claim. In addition, the **Secondary plan** shall credit to its plan Deductible any amounts it would have credited to its Deductible in the absence of other health care coverage.
- If a Covered Person is enrolled in two or more Closed panel plans and if, for any reason, including the provision of service by a non-panel Provider, benefits are not payable by one Closed panel plan, COB shall not apply between that Plan and other Closed panel plans.

Right To Receive And Release Needed Information

Certain facts about health care coverage and services are needed to apply these **COB** rules and to determine benefits payable under **This plan** and other **Plans**. Medical Mutual may get the facts it needs from or give them to other organizations or persons for the purpose of applying these rules and determining benefits payable under **This plan** and other **Plans** covering the person claiming benefits. Medical Mutual need not tell, or get the consent of, any person to do this. Each person claiming benefits under **This plan** must give Medical Mutual any facts it needs to apply those rules and determine benefits payable.

Facility of Payment

A payment made under another **Plan** may include an amount that should have been paid under **This plan**. If it does, Medical Mutual may pay that amount to the organization that made that payment. That amount will then be treated as though it were a benefit paid under **This plan**. Medical Mutual will not have to pay that amount again. The term " payment made " includes providing benefits in the form of services, in which case " payment made " means the reasonable cash value of the benefits provided in the form of services.

Right of Recovery

If the amount of the payments made by Medical Mutual is more than it should have paid under this **COB** provision, it may recover the excess from one or more of the persons it has paid or for whom it has paid, or any other person or organization that may be responsible for the benefits or services provided for the Covered Person. The "amount of the payments made" includes the reasonable cash value of any benefits provided in the form of services.

Coordination Disputes

If you believe that we have not paid a claim properly, you should first attempt to resolve the problem by contacting Customer Service at the telephone number or address listed on the front of your Explanation of Benefits (EOB) form and/or identification card. If you are still not satisfied, you may call the Ohio Department of Insurance for instructions on filing a consumer complaint. Call 1-800-686-1526, or visit the Department's website at http://insurance.ohio.gov.

Right of Subrogation and Reimbursement

Subrogation

The Plan reserves the right of subrogation. This means that, to the extent we provide or pay benefits or expenses for Covered Services, we assume your legal rights to recover the value of those benefits or expenses from any person, entity, organization or insurer, including your own insurer and any under insured or uninsured coverage, that may be legally obligated to pay you for the value of those benefits or expenses. The amount of the Plan's subrogation rights shall equal the total amount paid by the Plan for the benefits or expenses for Covered Services. The Plan's right of subrogation shall have priority over yours or anyone else's rights until the Plan recovers the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services. The Plan's right of subrogation for the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services is absolute and applies whether or not you receive, or are entitled to receive, a full or partial recovery or whether or not you are "made whole" by reason of any recovery from any other person or entity. This provision is intended to and does reject and supersede the "make-whole" rule, which rule might otherwise require that you be "made whole" before the Plan may be entitled to assert its right of subrogation.

Reimbursement

The Plan also reserves the right of reimbursement. This means that, to the extent we provide or pay benefits or expenses for Covered Services, you must repay the Plan any amounts recovered by suit, claim, settlement or otherwise, from any third party or his insurer and any under insured or uninsured coverage, as well as from any other person, entity, organization or insurer, including your own insurer, from which you receive payments (even if such payments are not designated as payments of medical expenses). The amount of the Plan's reimbursement rights shall equal the total amount paid by the Plan for the benefits or expenses for Covered Services. The Plan's right of reimbursement shall have priority over yours or anyone else's rights until the Plan recovers the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services. The Plan's right of reimbursement for the total amount the Plan paid for Covered Services is absolute and applies whether or not you receive, or are entitled to receive, a full or partial recovery or whether or not you are "made whole" by reason of any recovery from any other person or entity. This provision is intended to and does reject and supersede the "make whole" rule, which rule might otherwise require that you be "made whole" before the Plan may be entitled to assert its right of reimbursement.

Your Duties

- You must provide the Plan or its designee any information requested by the Plan or its designee within five (5) days of the request.
- You must notify the Plan or its designee promptly of how, when and where an accident or incident resulting in personal injury to you occurred and all information regarding the parties involved.
- You must cooperate with the Plan or its designee in the investigation, settlement and protection of the Plan's rights.
- You must send the Plan or its designee copies of any police report, notices or other papers received in connection with the accident or incident resulting in personal injury to you.
- You must not settle or compromise any claims unless the Plan or its designee is notified in writing at least thirty (30) days before such settlement or compromise and the Plan or its designee agrees to it in writing.

Changes In Benefits or Provisions

The benefits provided by this coverage may be changed at any time. It is your Group's responsibility to notify you when these changes go into effect. If you are receiving Covered Services under this Benefit Book at the time your revised benefits become effective, the Plan will continue to provide benefits for these services only if they continue to be Covered Services under the revised benefits.

Termination of Coverage

How and When Your Coverage Stops

Your coverage stops:

- By termination of the Contract with Medical Mutual including termination for non-payment. This automatically ends all of your coverage and you are not offered a conversion privilege. It is the responsibility of your Group to notify you of such termination.
- On the date that a Covered Person stops being an Eligible Dependent.
- At the end of the month in which the Card Holder becomes ineligible, when a Covered Person stops being an eligible Card Holder.
- At the end of the period for which payment was made when a Covered Person does not pay the required contribution.
- On the last day of the month in which a final decree of divorce, annulment or dissolution of the marriage is filed, a Card Holder's spouse will no longer be eligible for coverage.
- Upon notice if:
 - a Covered Person allows a non-Covered Person to use his/her identification card to obtain or attempt to obtain benefits; or
 - a Covered Person materially misrepresents information provided to Medical Mutual or the Plan, or commits fraud or forgery.

Continuation of Coverage

If any Covered Person's Group coverage would otherwise end, you and your Eligible Dependents may be eligible for continuation of benefits under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986 (COBRA). You may also be eligible to continue benefits under other state or federal laws as a result of employment termination. It is your Group's responsibility to advise you of your COBRA rights and to provide you with the required documents to complete upon the qualifying event.

Your Plan's benefits administrator can coordinate your continuation of coverage. To obtain specific details and to arrange for continuation of Group health care benefits, contact your Group's benefits administrator as soon as possible.

DEFINITIONS

Application - all questionnaires and forms required by Medical Mutual and the Plan to determine your eligibility.

Benefit Book - this document.

Benefit Period - the period of time specified in the Schedule of Benefits during which Covered Services are rendered and benefit maximums are accumulated. The first and/or last Benefit Periods may be less than 12 months depending on the Effective Date and the date your coverage terminates.

Billed Charges - Charges for all services and supplies that the Covered Person has received from the Provider, whether they are a Covered Service or not.

Card Holder - an eligible employee or participant of the Group who has enrolled for coverage under the terms and conditions of the Group Contract.

Coinsurance - a percentage of the Traditional Amount for Covered Services for which you are responsible.

Condition - an injury, ailment, disease, illness or disorder.

Contact Lenses - corrective Lenses, ground or molded, as prescribed by a Physician or Optometrist to be directly fitted to your eye.

Contract - the agreement between Medical Mutual and your Group referred to as the Group Contract. The Contract includes the Group Application, individual Applications of the Card Holders, this Benefit Book, Schedules of Benefits and any Riders or addenda.

Covered Charges - the Billed Charges for Covered Services.

Covered Person - the Card Holder, and if family coverage is in force, the Card Holder's Eligible Dependent(s).

Covered Service - a Provider's service or supply as described in the Vision Benefits section of this Benefit Book for which the Plan will provide benefits, as listed in the Schedule of Benefits.

Custodian - a person who, by court order, has custody of a child.

Effective Date - 12:01 a.m. on the date when your coverage begins, as determined by your Group and Medical Mutual.

Excess Charges - the amount of Billed Charges less Non-Covered Charges in excess of the Traditional Amount for a Non-Participating Physician or Other Professional Provider.

Experimental or Investigational Drug, Device, Medical Treatment or Procedure - a drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is Experimental or Investigational:

- if the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished;
- if reliable evidence shows that the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is the subject of on-going phase I, II or III clinical trials or is under study to determine maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, efficacy, or efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis; or
- if reliable evidence shows that the consensus of opinion among experts regarding the drug, device, medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, efficacy or efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis.

Reliable evidence means only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature; the written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure; or the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, medical treatment or procedure. Determination will be made by Medical Mutual at its sole discretion and will be final and conclusive.

Frame - standard eyeglasses excluding the Lenses.

Full-time Student - an Eligible Dependent who is enrolled at an accredited institution of higher learning. It must be certified annually that the student meets the institution's requirements for full-time status.

Immediate Family - the Card Holder and the Card Holder's spouse, parents, stepparents, grandparents, nieces, nephews, aunts, uncles, cousins, brothers, sisters, children and stepchildren by blood, marriage or adoption.

Incurred - rendered to you by a Provider.

Legal Guardian - an individual who is either the natural guardian of a child or who was appointed a guardian of a child in a legal proceeding by a court having the appropriate jurisdiction.

Lenses - clear glass or plastic single vision, bifocal or trifocal corrective materials which are ground as prescribed by a licensed Provider.

Medically Necessary (or Medical Necessity) - a service, supply and/or Prescription Drug that is required to diagnose or treat a Condition and which Medical Mutual determines is:

- appropriate with regard to the standards of good medical practice and not Experimental or Investigational;
- not primarily for your convenience or the convenience of a Provider; and
- the most appropriate supply or level of service which can be safely provided to you. When applied to Prescription Drugs, this means the Prescription Drug is cost effective compared to alternative Prescription Drugs which will produce comparable effective clinical results.

Contact Lenses are considered Medically Necessary when:

- necessary following cataract Surgery;
- · visual acuity cannot be corrected to 20/70 in either eye with other Lenses; or
- required for the treatment of anisometropia or keratoconus.

Medicare - the program of health care for the aged and disabled established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, as amended.

Non-Covered Charges - Billed Charges for services and supplies that are not Covered Services.

Non-Participating - the status of a Physician or Other Professional Provider that does not have an agreement with Medical Mutual about payment for Covered Services.

Optician - a person lawfully engaged in dispensing Lenses prescribed by a Physician or Optometrist.

Optometrist - a person licensed to practice optometry.

Other Professional Provider - only the following persons or entities which are licensed as required:

- · Optometrist; and
- · Optician.

Participating - the status of a Physician or Other Professional Provider that has an agreement with Medical Mutual about payment for Covered Services.

Physician - a person who is licensed and legally authorized to practice medicine.

Provider - Physician or Other Professional Provider.

Surgery -

- the performance of generally accepted operative and other invasive procedures;
- the correction of fractures and dislocations;
- usual and related preoperative and postoperative care; or
- other procedures as reasonably approved by Medical Mutual.

Traditional Amount - the maximum amount determined and allowed by Medical Mutual for a Covered Service provided by a Physician or Other Professional Provider based on factors, including the following:

- the actual amount billed by a Provider for a given service
- Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)'s Resource Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS)
- · other fee schedules
- input from Participating Physicians and wholesale prices (where applicable)
- · geographic considerations; and
- other economic and statistical indicators and applicable conversion factors.

Multi-Language Interpreter Services & Nondiscrimination Notice



This document notifies individuals of how to seek assistance if they speak a language other than English.

Spanish

ATENCIÓN: Si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Chinese

注意:如果您使用繁體中文,您可以免費獲得語言援助服務。請致電 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711)。

German

ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlos sprachliche Hilfsdienstleistungen zur Verfügung. Rufnummer: 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Arabic

ملحوظة: إذا كنت تتحدث اذكر اللغة، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية تتوافر لك (بالمجان. اتصل برقم 5729-382-800-1 رقم هاتف الصم والبكم 711).

Pennsylvania Dutch

Wann du Deitsch schwetzscht, kannscht du mitaus Koschte ebber gricke, ass dihr helft mit die englisch Schprooch. Ruf selli Nummer uff: Call 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Russian

ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите на русском языке, то вам доступны бесплатные услуги перевода. Звоните 1-800-382-5729 (телетайп: 711).

French

ATTENTION: Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 1-800-382-5729 (ATS: 711).

Vietnamese

CHÚ Ý: Nếu bạn nói Tiếng Việt, có các dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí dành cho bạn. Gọi số 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Navajo

Díí baa akó nínízin: Díí saad bee yáníłti' go Diné Bizaad, saad bee áká'ánída'áwo'dę́ę', t'áá jiik'eh, éí ná hóló, kojj' hódíílnih 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Oromo

XIYYEEFFANNAA: Afaan dubbattu Oroomiffa, tajaajila gargaarsa afaanii, kanfaltiidhaan ala, ni argama. Bilbilaa 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Korean

주의: 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711)번으로 전화해 주십시오.

Italian

ATTENZIONE: In caso la lingua parlata sia l'italiano, sono disponibili servizi di assistenza linguistica gratuiti. Chiamare il numero 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Japanese

注意事項:日本語を話される場合、無料の言語支援をご利用いただけます。1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711) まで、お電話にてご連絡ください。

Dutch

AANDACHT: Als u nederlands spreekt, kunt u gratis gebruikmaken van de taalkundige diensten. Bel 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Ukrainian

УВАГА! Якщо ви розмовляєте українською мовою, ви можете звернутися до безкоштовної служби мовної підтримки. Телефонуйте за номером 1-800-382-5729 (телетайп: 711).

Romanian

ATENȚIE: Dacă vorbiți limba română, vă stau la dispoziție servicii de asistență lingvistică, gratuit. Sunați la 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

Tagalog

PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, maaari kang gumamit ng mga serbisyo ng tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 1-800-382-5729 (TTY: 711).

QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR BENEFITS OR OTHER INQUIRIES ABOUT YOUR HEALTH INSURANCE SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO MEDICAL MUTUAL'S CUSTOMER CARE DEPARTMENT AT 1-800-382-5729.

Nondiscrimination Notice

Medical Mutual of Ohio complies with applicable federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex in its operation of health programs and activities. Medical Mutual does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex in its operation of health programs and activities.

- Medical Mutual provides free aids and services to people with disabilities to communicate effectively with us, such as qualified sign language interpreters, and written information in other formats (large print, audio, accessible electronic formats, etc.).
- Medical Mutual provides free language services to people whose primary language is not English, such as qualified interpreters and information written in other languages.

If you need these services or if you believe Medical Mutual failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex, with respect to your health care benefits or services, you can submit a written complaint to the person listed below. Please include as much detail as possible in your written complaint to allow us to effectively research and respond.

Civil Rights Coordinator

Medical Mutual of Ohio 2060 East Ninth Street Cleveland, OH 44115-1355

MZ: 01-10-1900

Email: CivilRightsCoordinator@MedMutual.com

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights.

- Electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal available at: ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf
- By mail at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Avenue, SW Room 509F HHH Building Washington, DC 20201-0004

By phone at:

(800) 368-1019 (TDD: (800) 537-7697)

 Complaint forms are available at: hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html

Products marketed by Medical Mutual may be underwritten by one of its subsidiaries, such as Medical Health Insuring Corporation of Ohio or Consumers Life Insurance Company.